LIVESTOCK SOUTHERN (5 STANDARD 🛧

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Part 1: The BVD Virus in Cow/ **Calf Operations-What does it** look like and where did it come from?

By Dr. Michelle Arnold, University of Kentucky Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory

"BVD" or "Bovine Viral Diarrhea" virus is one of the most common and costliest viruses affecting cow/calf herds and backgrounding operations. Control of the BVD virus is best accomplished



PERIODICAL

through implementation of three equally important practices: 1) surveillance testing to detect and remove infected cattle, 2) vaccination to increase herd immunity and 3) implementation of biosecurity measures to reduce virus entry into the herd. But how would a producer know that BVD virus is circulating in his or her herd? This article, the first in a two-part series, is written to help understand how BVD virus enters a beef herd and how to recognize its effects, and targets for control. Part 2 will address diagnostic testing strategies, how to correctly interpret results, and how to implement BVD virus measures.

One of the initial problems with this virus is its name. Although BVD stands for "Bovine Viral Diarrhea", rarely does an animal show any symptoms of diarrhea. Instead, cow-calf producers may observe one or more of the following disease manifestations in the herd:

tile bulls.

ducers may find a decrease tion usually lasts 10 days to in overall pregnancy rate, including a reduced percent- range from severe to unnoage confirmed pregnant after ticed, depending on the age technician, a dud bull, hot vaccinated) animal, the virus weather, or fescue when it is actually the BVD virus causing failure to conceive and early embryonic death.

• Fewer live calves- BVD virus infection during pregnancy may result in abortions, mummies, stillbirths, neonatal deaths, and weak newborns that die shortly after birth.

2. Physical abnormalities including "dummy



calves" that cannot nurse, eye defects, and cleft palates in newborns if dams are infected with the virus during mid-pregnancy.

3. An increased number of calf death losses pre-weaning due to pneumonia or scours.

It is important to realize that BVD virus in a herd may not have easily recognizable "classic signs" such as an increased number of abortions or birth defects. It may simply look like fewer mature cows pregnant at pregnancy check, finding cows open that should be calving, or more disease and death loss in preweaned calves than usual.

There are two types of 1. Poor reproductive per- BVD virus infection deformance despite females in scribed in cattle; 1) "acute" good body condition and fer- or "transient" infection and 2) "persistent" infection (PI). · More open cows-Pro- An acute BVD viral infec-2 weeks and symptoms may typically does not cause outward signs of sickness. However, the virus attacks

of females, testes in males) resulting in infertility. Bulls may experience prolonged testicular infections. In pregnant cattle, the virus crosses the placenta to the developing embryo or fetus, causing several types of reproductive wastage or malformations, depending on the stage of fection occurred.

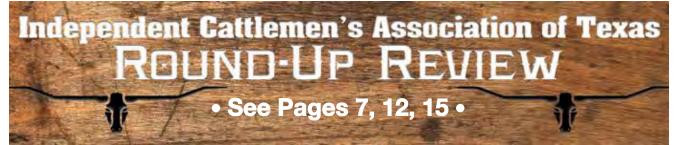
may result in disease manifestations ranging from mild to severe disease and death. The BVD virus first attacks the immune system where it destroys the production of disease-fighting white blood cells, causing severe immunosuppression. Secondly, it can work synergistically with other viruses to make them more aggressive and deadly. This combination attack reloss in calves post-weaning. As mentioned previously,

the outcome of acute BVD infection in the cow herd

reproductive tissues (ovaries may be observed by a producer as infertility, delayed breeding, abortions, malformed calves, and neonatal death loss. Acute BVD virus infections in pre-weaned calves are recognized by the increased amount of sickness and death loss. What cannot be observed is the 2nd type of BVD infection, the defetal development when in-velopment and birth of persistently infected (PI) calves. Acute BVD virus in- If an unvaccinated pregnant fection in a susceptible calf cow or heifer is infected with the BVD virus between 42-125 days (about 4 months) of gestation, the virus crosses the placenta and infects the fetus during a critical stage in its immune system development. The virus incorporates itself into the developing fetus, so the immune system does not recognize the virus as a foreign invader. When this calf is born, it is "persistently infected" with sults in increased disease and the BVD virus (known as a mortality risk in pre-weaned "PI" calf) and is a lifetime the first service. This infer- of the affected animal and calves exposed to the virus "carrier" and "shedder" of if they reach sexual maturity, tility and "delayed breeding" its level of immunity. In an and a substantial risk of re- massive amounts of virus more reproductive issues. are often blamed on the AI adult unvaccinated (or poorly spiratory disease and death particles from all its bodily fluids including saliva, nasal discharge, feces, and urine. Those PI calves that survive past sexual maturity will also

shed virus particles in milk, semen, uterine secretions, and aborted membranes. A PI cow will always have a PI calf although less than 10% of PI calves come from PI positive dams. One PI calf born on a cow/calf operation usually means there will be additional disease problems within that calf crop. Any fetus infected with BVD later in gestation (150 days (about 5 months) or more) while in the uterus will not become a PI but still will not be "normal". The virus commandeers certain cell types to produce more virus particles that would normally be used for critical fetal development. This results in destruction of endocrine tissue and may destroy 20-80% of the thymus gland, an important driver of immune function in young calves. These calves will have increased respiratory disease, poor growth and performance, and Therefore, the reason preweaned calves in the same field with a PI calf typically

(Continued on page 6)





of being behind. In fact, the column is mainly about being behind! Running out of time, money and options seem to be the theme of this fall.

First, as I write this column, I am sitting in a KOA RV site in Jennings, Florida. We just wrapped up a very successful bull sale at the Phillips Ranch—Fenco Brangus Bull sale in Bunnell, and have another one Saturday at Herndon Farms in Lyons, Georgia

On this trip, I left San Antonio Sunday morning bright and early to try and get as many of the 15+ hours on the driving conditions, etc.

SPECIES:

Total

Total

Total

Total

Total

Total

5) HORSES

a. Slaughter

d. Geldings

6) EXOTICS

SPECIES:

FEEDER CATTLE

FEEDER CATTLE

3) SHEEP

2) HOGS

1) BEEF CATTLE

b. Breeding Males

b. Breeding Males

c. Breeding Females

c. Breeding Females

a. Slaughter

a. Slaughter

a. Slaughter

1) lambs

2) ewes

b. Breeding Males

4) DAIRY CATTLE

a. Breeding Males

b. Breeding Males

c. Breeding Females

e. Burro/Mule/Pony

b. Breeding Females

c. Breeding Females

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Statistics For 10-19-23

10-9-23:

441

66

251

758

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

80

80

356

63

60

5

0

0

MEXICO TO NEW MEXICO IMPORTS

10-9-23:

10,939

MEXICO TO TEXAS IMPORTS

2,852

424

188

188

Wk.-Dt.: Yr.-Dt.:

21,436

2.172

1,182

24,790

1,117

2,808

3,925

1,763

1,763

3,772

3,788

12,731

1.461

1,880

16,716

638

179

1-1-23 - Present

484.812

120,073

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402

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424

I apologize for the brev- of road time need to get to ity of this column because Bunnell. I don't know if dual tire on the passenger side. you guys have realized, but I'm not saying I ever want to real heroes of the "war" Florida is a lot like Texas in that it takes a long time to get there and then another day just to get where you're going.

morning what many of us who have RV's fear—a blown tire. It's not my first blown tire in an RV, but it is the first in this particular RV. First of all, my RV is what is classified as a Super C RV, which means the front is a Freightliner Truck Harwood exit on east bound chassis. Now, it wasn't a front IH10, about five miles east of tire—what they call a "steer" tire. Blowing a front tire can prove to be tricky, depending

This tire was an outside have a blowout, but that is the one out of all tires I would choose to blow if I had the choice. So, I had just passed I encountered Sunday a minivan on IH 10 when the person passing starts pointing to the rear of my coach. Of course, that is a tell-tale sign to find the nearest and safest place to pull off the highway to see what is happening.

> the Buccee's at IH10 and Hwy 83. The access road there was wide, level and little to no traffic at all.

Coach-Net. I have both roadside assistance and a tire replacement policy with them. As most of you know, I don't usually talk about vendors good or bad in this column, but I had a very good expe- expedition would wander rience with Coach-Net that I wanted to share. On my previous coach, I had a policy with a different vendor. I won't mention their name but when I used them, I lost about six hours of driving time.

With Coach-net. I called the 800 number, and a lady took all my information down, and made sure she had my exact location and that I was at a safe place to park. She gathered all my info, then told me that a dispatcher would reach out to me shortly. About 30 minutes later, the dispatcher calls and they have someone on the way that would be there in 15 minutes. In exactly 14 minutes, the guy shows up. At 15 minutes, the dispatcher calls to make sure the tire repair guy had arrived.

This is not an exaggeration. The guy had the old tire off and the new one replaced in 30 minutes! I was back on the road in short time. Suffice nothing of the rattlesnakes it to say, I recommend Coach-Net to all my RV friends out living. there.

are all just a little behind. And doned the Texas missions. it isn't just time. It's money and patience and hay and a about all of Texas they could mountain of other things. I know these calves are bringing more, and I am grateful for that. But it just seems that with this inflation and economy that everything we buy costs considerably more.

Well, if you were around for the Carter administration, French and Spanish were you have seen it before. We at loggerheads with each will make it through some- other over control of the how. Just remember, it can al- Mediterranean ways be worse.

Trails. By Clay Coppedge

Chicken War

The chickens were the named in their honor – the Chicken War. They came out of the fray with more dignity than the dignitaries, soldiers and empire builders who made the war, if not necessary, at least possible. They were also the only ones that fought back.

1719, when both the French For me, it was the and Spanish had plans for Texas. Their respective plans did not include each other. They were rivals, which is one step away from being enemies. Here in the new world, the French claimed Louisiana The next step. I called and the Spanish controlled Mexico. In between was a sparsely settled region -Texas - and dozens of Indian tribes whose people had lived there for centuries.

> In those days, this or that into a region, plant a flag, build a mission or presidio and try to explain to the natives why such actions meant the tribes now had to give up their land, possessions and human freedom. The Spanish built missions in hopes that God would will the natives to lay down their arms peacefully. Both countries also built forts, in case the natives failed to do so or the other country attacked them.

> None of this worked according to plan. The tribes were not interested in working at the mission or doing what the priests and friars told them to do. Some would show up, praise Jesus for a while and then revert to their pagan ways as soon as they had enough to eat or their enemies were gone. Sometimes they showed up at the missions as a group and tried to kill everybody. That's to say and other perils of frontier

So it's not surprising that These days, it seems we in 1693 the Spanish aban-The French had also enjoyed stand. Since the Spanish no longer considered France a threat to their ambitions, they showed no further interest in Texas until the French did.

We'll get back to the chickens in a minute.

Back in Europe, the islands of Sicily and Sardinia.

each other that this meant Blondell decided to claim war. Lieutenant Philippe Blondell, in charge of seven soldiers at a French post in Natchitoches, Louisiana, received orders from his government to find some Spanish and attack them. He gathered his entire force and led them to the Spanish post of Los Adias, where he encountered It happened way back in only a lay priest, an old solider and...a bunch of chick- Blondell's horse, which

> In the battle that wasn't, the priest and soldier sur-

Both sides insisted to rendered without a fight. total victory, along with supper, by taking the chickens as well. Doing his best sly fox impersonation, Blondell raided the henhouse, strapped the chickens to his saddle and prepared to depart victorious when some of the prisoners – the chickens – began to squawk.

The squawking spooked reared and, without ceremony, threw Blondell to the

(Continued on page 5)

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PAGE 2

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USDA Major Livestock Reports:

Producers Livestock Auction, San Angelo, Texas, October 19, 3023: Total receipts: 1,005, last reported (10-12-23) 841, last year 689. Feeder cattle 603 (60.0%), last reported (10-12-23) 538 (64.0%), last year 462 (67.1%). Slaughter cattle 312 (31.0%), last reported (10-12-23) 185 (22.0%), last year 117 (17.0%). Replacement cattle 90 (9.0%), last reported (10-12-23) 118 (14.0%), last year 110 (16.0%). Compared to last week steer and heifer calves and yearlings steady. Slaughter cows and bulls weak to 3.00 lower. Stock cows and pairs steady in light test. Trading and demand moderate. Supply included: 60% Feeder Cattle (27% Steers, 43% Heifers, 17% Cows, 10% Bulls, 3% Dairy Heifers); 31% Slaughter Cattle (87% Cows, 13% Bulls); 9% Replacement Cattle (74% Stock Cows, 9% Bred Cows, 18% Cow-Calf Pairs). Feeder cattle supply over 600 lbs was 54%.

Oklahoma National Stockyards, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, October 24, 2023: Total receipts 6,382, last reported (10-16-23) 6,984, last year 7,938. Feeder cattle: 6,382 (100.0%), last reported (10-16-23) 6,984 (100.0%), last year 7,938 (100.0%). Compared to last week: Feeder steers and heifers 4.00-8.00 lower some later heifer sales up to 15.00 lower. Demand light to moderate as cattle futures closed sharply lower following a very Bearish Cattle on Feed Report last Friday. Steer calves 2.00-4.00 lower, except few under 500 lbs. long weaned or fancy sold sharply higher. Heifer calves 4.00-10.00 lower. Demand moderate to good for calves. Rain and cooler temperatures are headed this way and this is limiting demand for unweaned or short weaned calves(45-60 days or less). Quality mostly average, few attractive. Supply included: 100% Feeder Cattle (57% Steers, 40% Heifers, 4% Bulls). Feeder cattle supply over 600 lbs was 63%.

SALE: Beeville Livestock Comr Beeville, Texas DATE OF SALE: 10-13 VOLUME: 680 TREND: Steady/higher.	3-23 VOLUM	Brazos Valley Livestock Bryan, Texas DATE OF SALE: 10-2 E: 921 Steady/higher.		T		as		Livestock Com Nixon, Texas OF SALE: 10- //higher.			Coast Livestock Alice, Texas COF SALE: 10 y/higher.	í.
200-300 lbs. 235-305 300-400 lbs. 233-290 400-500 lbs. 229-255 500-600 lbs. 217-254	HEIFERS 204-305 200-300 1 212-245 300-400 1 208-252 400-500 1 203-225 500-600 1 200-225 600-700 1 194-201 700-800 1 Slaughter Slaughter Stocker c Pairs	bs. 270-340 bs. 235-345 bs. 210-235 bs. 208-227 bs. 208-213 cows 72-96 bulls 95-115	HEIFERS 220-300 245-310 215-300 195-222 185-214 190-202	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter cows Pairs	STEERS 202-282 196-274 190-266 182-258 176-234 170-212 48-102 92-118 675-1800 1150-2000	HEIFERS 192-264 184-252 182-258 176-234 170-212 162-208	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter cows Pairs	STEERS 230-315 239-335 213-305 202-235 188-220 174-207 41-89 89-112 81-105 500-1360	HEIFERS 219-300 218-310 202-305 193-340 180-205 136-192	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter cows Pairs	STEERS 230-295 227-290 235-282 230-260 210-240 200-225 45-105 75-115 1100-1400 1100-1450	HEIFERS 208-270 215-265 218-245 202-225 190-220 170-185
SALE: Gillespie Livestock C Fredericksburg, Texa: DATE OF SALE: 10-18 VOLUME: 881	s 3-23 VOLUM			San S DATE VOLUME: 301		Texas	DATE VOLUME: 130			DATE VOLUME: 501	Lampasas Cattle Lampasas, Texas COF SALE: 10	s
200-300 lbs. 200-310 300-400 lbs. 270-210	HEIFERS 210-270 200-300 l 200-265 300-400 l 200-265 400-500 l 190-240 500-600 l 180-217 600-700 l 180-217 700-800 Slaughter Slaughter Stocker c Pairs	bs. 260-325 bs. 220-305 bs. 200-255 bs. 180-230 cows 50-103 bulls 80-119	HEIFERS 220-300 200-285 180-255 165-215 150-200	TREND: Stead 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 500-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter cows Pairs	STEERS 252.5-310 251-315 242-292 233-272 213.8-254 205.3-237 38-112 73-109 — 1000-2028	HEIFERS 	TREND: Steady 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 500-500 lbs. 500-500 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	STEERS 260-310 257-325 230-300 213-245 202-227.50 183-212.50 20-99 86-128 750-1625 1150-1550	HEIFERS 205-290 239-305 209-275 201-245 191-212.50 182-205	TREND: Stead 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	STEERS 238-300 242-308 219-276 236-268 210-250 221-252 30-106 92-118 850-1400 800-1300	HEIFERS 222-267.50 215-297.50 207-267.50 216-258 196-216 186-200
SALE: East Texas Livestor Crockett, Texas DATE OF SALE: 10-24 VOLUME: 2056		aldwell Livestock Comm Caldwell, Texas DATE OF SALE: 10-1 E: 760	<i>.</i>	SALE: Buffalo DATE VOLUME: 247	Buffalo, Texas OF SALE: 10-	<i>,</i>	1	asota Livestock Navasota, Texas OF SALE: 10- 5			leman's Brenha Brenham, Texas C OF SALE: 10 3	5
	TREND: HEIFERS 205-300 200-300 l 185-300 300-400 l 300-400 l 180-295 400-500 l 173-246 500-600 l 140-214 600-700 l Slaughter Slaughter Slaughter Stocker c Pairs	bs. 280-335 bs. 250-290 bs. 230-252 bs. 220-240 bs. 200-229 cows 40-108 bulls 80-105	HEIFERS 220-260 250-330 230-280 225-247 220-237 200-211	TREND: Stead 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 500-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 500-800 lbs. Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	y/higher. STEERS 220-335 225-345 215-308 210-257 205-252 195-241 45-109 95-122 850-1600 750-1650	HEIFERS 210-330 205-290 200-270 200-245 185-225 165-195	TREND: Steady 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 5laughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	//higher. STEERS 185-330 175-325 175-295 175-245 175-228 	HEIFERS 185-300 175-305 175-300 170-215 170-210 —	TREND: Stead 200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	y/no change. STEERS 240-315 235-322 220-312 200-259 195-258 190-227 55-104 92-108 900-1400 —	HEIFERS 230-317 220-317 200-307 190-250 185-245 180-224
SALE: Cuero-Victoria Livesto Cuero & Victoria, Tex. DATE OF SALE: 10-20 VOLUME: 1651 TREND: Steadyno change.	as)-23 VOLUM	C: Gonzales Livestock M Gonzales, Texas DATE OF SALE: 10-2 E: 1054 Steady/lower.	·		Columbus, Texas 2 OF SALE: 10- 8	S		r County Livesto Industry, Texas OF SALE: 10- 1/lower.		1		s
STEERS 200-300 lbs. 217-175 300-400 lbs. 245-334 400-500 lbs. 234-305 500-600 lbs. 229-256	HEIFERS 173-304 200-300 1 229-317.5 300-400 1 210-272.5 400-500 1 215-262 500-600 1 200-235 600-700 1 180-217 700-800 1 Slaughter Slaughter Stocker c Pairs	STEERS bs. 295-310 bs. 320-325 bs. 255-295 bs. 239-249 bs. 209-232 bs. 185-207 cows 52-99 bulls 100-135	HEIFERS 225-280 210-220 227-255 219-225 200-215	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter cows Pairs	STEERS 240-335 230-335 220-282 210-267 190-240 174-237 37-104 88-118 900-1600	HEIFERS 235-267 220-300 200-252 190-248 185-231 170-227	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	STEERS 200-325 200-325 180-280 170-240 170-225 	HEIFERS 180-315 170-315 160-255 160-225 160-210	200-300 lbs. 300-400 lbs. 400-500 lbs. 500-600 lbs. 600-700 lbs. 700-800 lbs. Slaughter cows Slaughter bulls Stocker cows Pairs	STEERS 236-330 255-330 241-306 222-270 207-244 198-226 42-103 96-117 1100-1375	HEIFERS 192-305 222-315 212-273 207-250 197-233 167-220

Sheep & Goat Auctions:

Producers Livestock Auction, San Angelo, Texas, October 24, 2023: Sheep and goats: Total receipts 4,300, last reported (10-17-23) 6,968, last year 4,220. Feeder sheep/lambs 129 2,408 (56.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 2,261 (32.4%), last year 2,056 (48.7%). Replace goats 43 (1.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 279 (4.0%), last year 253 (6.0%). Slaughter goats 1,590 (37.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 3,662 (52.6%), last year 1,671 (39.6%). Replacement goats 130 (3.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 557 (8.0%), last year 126 (3.0%). Compared to last week slaughter lambs steady. Slaughter ewes steady to 4.00 higher. Feeder lambs not well tested. Nannies steady; kids weak to 10.00 lower. Trading and demand moderate. Supply included: 3% Feeder Sheep/Lambs (100% Sheep); 56% Slaughter Sheep/Lambs (15% Wooled & Shorn, 66% Hair Breeds, 18% Hair Ewes, 0% Hair Bucks); 1% Feeder Goats (100% Kids); 37% Slaughter Goats (55% Kids, 7% Nannies/Does, 38% Bucks/Billies, 0% Wethers); 3% Replacement Goats (100% Nannies/Does).

Gillespie Livestock Company, Fredericksburg, Texas, October 10, 2023: Sheep and goats: 3202 Light Lambs Steady. Heavy Lambs Steady. Kids Higher. Light Kids Steady. #1 Wool (3.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 139 (2.0%), last year 30 (0.7%). Slaughter sheep/lambs Lambs 40-60 Lb 180.00-250.00 Cwt. #1 Wool Lambs 60-80 Lb 170.00-250.00 Cwt. Bbd Lambs (40-60 Lb) 130.00-220.00 Cwt. Dorpx Lambs (40-60 Lb) 200.00-290.00 Cwt. Dorpx ment sheep/lambs 0 (0.0%), last reported (10-17-23) 70 (1.0%), last year 84 (2.0%). Feeder Lambs (60-80 Lb) 200.00-290.00 Cwt. Light Slaughter Lambs (45-80 Lb) 140.00-290.00 Cwt. Slaughter Lambs (100-150 Lb) 140.00-240.00 Cwt. Packer Ewes 20.00-100.00 Cwt. Sheep Bucks/Rams 90.00-175.00 Cwt. #1 Sp/Boex Kids (20-40 Lb) 100.00-410.00 Cwt. #1. Sp/Boex Kids (40-60 Lb) 140.00-370.00 Cwt. #1 Sp/Boex Kids (60-80 Lb) 160.00-315.00 Cwt. Sp/Boex Muttons 175.00-400.00 Cwt. Angora Kids 140.00-240.00 Cwt. Lower Quality Kids 100.00-200.00 Cwt. Packer Sp/Boex Nannies 45.00-200.00 Cwt. Stocker. Sp/Boex Nannies 200.00-300.00 Cwt. Angora Nannies 20.00-130.00 Cwt. Boex Billies 180.00-235.00 Cwt..

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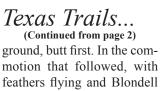


Federal budget woes delay new **Farm Bill progress**

By Gail Ellis, Oklahoma State University

The 2018 Farm Bill ex- agricultural policy specialist, pired on Sept. 30, 2023, as said the expiration will have government officials focused on passing a 45-day continuation of the federal budget.

Amy Hagerman, an associate professor of agricultural economics and Oklahoma State University Extension



sprawling and soldiers rushing to his aid, the priest got away. We don't know the ultimate fate of the chickens.

Perhaps intending to impress upon others the magnitude of the military brilliance he survived at Los Adias, the friar took it upon himself to report the presence of a large French force marching on Texas, even as he spoke. That's all the Spanish needed to hear. They pulled out of East Texas and western Louisiana in droves, heading for San Antonio de Bexar

The French and Spanish eventually settled their diplomatic differences and didn't have to fight each other, at least not for a while. Word of Blondell's battle with the chickens got around and people referred to the incident and events that followed it as the Chicken War. It's catchy name, but maybe it's not quite right.

Considering how the Spanish basically ran from a nonexistent threat with a battle cry of "The sky is falling!" we think a better name for the fowl resurrection might be The Chicken Little War.

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term but could have longterm impacts without a continuation.

resolution of the Farm Bill, some commodity programs, for example, would revert to outdated legislation created in the 1930s and 1940s, the Farm Bill has some longevity outside of its official expiration. Certain programs that operate on calendar or crop years designated for official reporting will continue through the end of 2023 and into 2024.

"I expect we'll see a lot of conversation around the

limited impact in the short budget in the coming weeks," Hagerman said. "That's really important for the Farm Bill as well, because the bud-Without a continuation or get determines the money for some of those programs (operating under the 2018 Farm Bill) and for USDA offices to administer the programs."

Hagerman predicts the Hagerman said. However, Farm Bill will be extended before the end of this year. A short extension could indicate a new Farm Bill will be considered soon, whereas a lengthier extension could result in 2018 Farm Bill rules and regulations staying in place for the foreseeable future

"Producers should pay at-

Registered Angus Bulls

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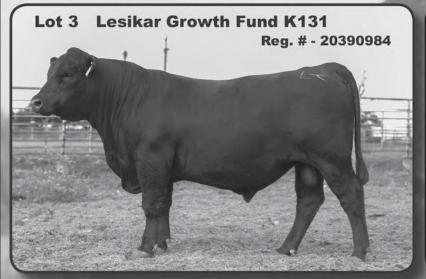
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general for their whole farm and stay in close touch with what the deadlines are and what changes might be on the horizon," Hagerman said.

ers to understand any new

tention to risk management in legislation and know which programs are available to them, she said. Some legislation will not be affected by the Farm Bill expiration, but other rules or appropriations It is important for produc- could be void until further action is taken.

Designed for Pasture Work DUTTS IG 8th Registered Angus Fall Bull & Female Sale November 15, 2023 * 1:00 pm At The Ranch - Athens, Texas





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> Lesikar Ranch Office 817-738-2177 Jason Lesikar 817-726-7998 **POOLVILLE, ATHENS** TEXAS



Formerly the Lone Star Angus Alliance Sale After 23 years, the Lone Star Angus Alliance is being dissolved this year. J Bar Angus has been hosting the annual LSAA sale since 2005, and plans to continue the tradition of an annual bull and female sale at their ranch in Hallettsville.



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Part 1: The BVD...

(Continued from page 1) exhibit more sickness and death loss (scours, "summer BVD tested until it is born! pneumonias") is two-fold; 1) It is recommended to calve due to ongoing immune system suppression from constant BVD virus exposure coming from the PI calf and 2) due to a damaged immune ble. In addition, don't allow system from BVD virus infection while in utero.

The key to transmission of the BVD virus within and between herds and virus persistence year after year is the PI animal. Ingestion or inhalation of the virus by direct contact with body fluids or aerosols from PI cattle are the main and most important source for BVD virus born from BVD negative transmission. In addition, any virus deposited in watering troughs, feed troughs, round bales of hay, cattle trailers-virtually everywhere the PI animal goes-can be picked up by the other cattle in the herd, either by mouth or nose. Importantly, a PI calf shedding virus in the pasture during breeding season will expose many (if not all) of the cows/heifers to the virus during the highest risk time for development of the next generation of PI calves that will be born during next year's calving season. Acutely infected cattle shed virus particles too but at a significantly lower rate and shorter length of time. A normal calf infected with the BVD virus sheds approximately 10,000 virus particles per day and recovers in 10-14 days. In comparison, a PI calf sheds 10 MILLION virus particles every day of its life. This is why detection and removal of PI animals is crucial to BVD virus control.

infection in the herd, the first cattle frequently traded may it get here? Research has proven that the #1 cause of BVD virus entering a herd is through the purchase of pregnant females, especially first calf heifers, without properly testing for the virus. The testing strategy must include testing every purchased pregnant female for BVD and also testing her newborn calf for "PI" status. It is not enough to test the dam and ignore her

unborn calf because it may not have the same BVD status as its dam and cannot be out purchased pregnant females away from the home herd and test their calves for BVD virus as soon as possithese cow/calf pairs to have contact with the home herd until each new cow and her calf has a BVD negative test result. Although a pregnant cow tests negative for BVD, always bear in mind she can still be carrying a persistently infected ("PI") calf that will test positive. Over 90% of PI calves are dams.

All newly purchased cattle, regardless of age or pregnancy status, should be tested for BVD-PI, vaccinated appropriately, and isolated away from the home herd at least 2 weeks. Other sources of the BVD virus in a cow/calf herd include introduction of new breeding bulls, a calf purchased from a sale to graft on a cow, or feeder calves purchased at auction and brought home to the farm have the potential to be acutely or persistently infected. Even show cattle that are vaccinated and have tested negative for BVD-PI may become acutely infected with the virus and can bring the virus back when they return from fairs and exhibitions. This is why quarantine for all animals arriving to the farm away from the home herd for at least 2 weeks with no nose-to-nose contact or shared water sources is crucial to preventing virus spread. In the same manner, Once a producer receives herds with fence line contact the diagnosis of BVD virus with feeder calves or other question asked is how did result in exposure to the BVD virus if allowed to touch noses or share water. There are other minor sources of transmission including fomites (needles, OB sleeves, nose tongs) and vectors including stable flies and horse flies. Other species including sheep, pigs, alpacas, deer, and goats can also carry the virus to cattle.

> Although vaccination is a key component in BVD (Continued on page 8)

Independent Cattlemen's Association of Texas

ROUND-UP REVIEW October, 2023

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plans for the holidays, be sure to mark your calendar for the U.S. Cattlemen's Association's (USCA) 16th Annual Meeting which will be held Dec.1-2, 2023, at the Embassy Suites in downtown Fort Worth.

Producers from across the U.S. will meet to discuss ics platform. policy resolutions, nominate leadership candidates, and discuss the past year's successes and the organization's priorities for the year ahead. Following the business meeting, invited speakers will take the stage for conversations on the current state and future of the U.S. or to register for the meetcattle industry.

There will be practical knowledge shared at the or call USCA's Executive meeting, too. Custom Ag Solutions will host a work-

As you begin making shop on market risk management training and share tools and strategies that producers can start using today to help make marketing decisions. Attendees of the workshop will receive a one-year complimentary subscription to a highly sought after industry analyt-

> USCA will also host a live auction fundraiser dinner on Friday evening - including a drawdown raffle for a Kubota UTV. Afterwards, head down to the Stockyards for a night out with friends.

For more information ing, visit www.uscattlemen. org/meeting registration Vice President Lia Biondo at (202) 870-1552.



By Joe C. Paschal, **American Brahman Breeders** Association Executive Vice President

Evaluating sustainability in tropically adapted cattle

to visit the Texas A&M planning to measure grazing AgriLife Research Station habits in addition to reproducnear Beeville, Texas. It is part of my plan to visit research stations conducting beef cat- Bos indicus influence cattle breeding research across tle (Brahman, Brangus, the southern U.S, particularly those with Bos indicus cattle. The Beeville Station be used in that research. No. 1 was the very first Texas These cattle were part of the Agricultural Experiment USDA Agricultural Research Station to be created and is the Service Meat Animal oldest research station west of Research Center herd at Clav the Mississippi River. When it was founded in 1894 by Texas A&M, the research interests included breeding Duroc hogs, mules, dairy cattle and poultry, in addition to beef cattle. There was also significant research in crops including sorghum and cotton.

The body condition scoring system used today (1 - thin and 10 - fat) was researched and developed at the station by Dr. Jim Wiltbank and later by Dr. John Beverly, collaborating with South Texas ranchers. Dr. Gary Williams was the senior scientist there for the last 40 years before retiring and now Dr. Milton (Milt) Thomas is the senior animal scientist. Thomas is interested in tropespecially to South Texas and tx.ag/FieldDayRSVP.

Recently, I had the chance subtropical conditions and is tive and growth traits.

He recently added Beefmaster, and Santa Gertrudis) to the station to Center, Nebraska. The USDA Station in Nebraska is the largest (and about the only) USDA station doing beef cattle research. Both Thomas and the USDA researchers want to measure the differences in adaptability to the climate in which these breeds are usually raised, rather than Nebraska. All of these breeds were originally developed under tropical and subtropiperfect sense to evaluate them under those conditions.

a Field Day at the Beeville Station on Thursday, Nov. 2nd from 9:00 a.m. until noon



like Texas weather, wait a tion. while and it's sure to change! This time to the better. Really is nice to have has some moisture and now sunshine to bring that green back to the pastures. Hopefully, for late hay making for some and good grazing for others. And the temperatures are so much nicer. We best enjoy it while we can as El Niño, although laving low will eventually strike with the cold and wet.

Not much happening on the political front as Congress seems to be in a perpetual

Well, it true. If you don't stand still. Lots of talk, no ac-

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Meanwhile, the cattle market remains strong, but inputs keep moving up. Who knows where the fuel prices are going to settle, much like the interest rates. Lots of talk, no action.

However, we do know that we can make a difference by supporting Amendment 1 -Right to Farm legislation this Fall. Remember to tell your friends and neighbors to get behind this bill as it will help keep the agricultural industry viable in our State.



South Central Texas ICA **Chapter News**

South Central Texas cal conditions, and it makes Independent Cattlemen's Association hosted a ranch rodeo on Saturday, Sept. 30, Dr. Thomas is hosting in Stockdale, Texas. H4 Land and Cattle was the winning team, taking three out of four events. The team con-(lunch is included) to discuss sisted of Ethan Garza, Quest his and his colleagues' work. Lane Garza, Mason Howard, If you are interested you can Frank James and Anthony ical adaptability of the cow, register by going to http:// Nunez. Second place went

to the Magic Cattle team. Blaze Johnson of Stockdale was awarded the top hand buckle, and Mason Howard's horse claimed top horse title. The audience was treated to some excitement, as the under six competitors rode in the Mutton Bustin' and were awarded trophies for their rides. Congratulations to the winners and all the participants. We are very pleased

(Continued on page 12)

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Poteet, TX	Stockdale, TX	Gonzales		Pleasanton, TX	
Tommy Jackson	Steve Janda	Jim John		David Karisch	
Luling, TX	LaGrange, TX	Wortham,		La Grange, TX	
Bill Kiker	Dr. Sammy Knippa	Lindsey	X	Daryl McCarty	
Beaumont, TX	Seguin, TX	Edna, T		West Point, TX	
Laurie Miller	Brenda Moore	Kyle Mo	TX	Doug Muenchow	
Poth, TX	La Vernia, TX	Victoria,		Floresville, TX	
Leroy Muenich	Richard Niemann	Jackie Par	TX	Allen Peltier	
Seguin, TX	Flatonia, TX	Victoria,		Beaumont, TX	
Kimberly Ratcliff Oakwood, TX	Virginia Roberts Kyle, TX	Glen Sacht Gonzales	TX	Greg Seidenberger Seguin, TX Wayne Tinkler	
Dr. Bill Selman Lockhart, TX Schuyler Wight	Dr. Glen Tate Adkins, TX Andy Young		Dr. James Tiemann La Grange, TX		
Goldsmith, TX	Frankston, TX	S EMERITUS			
Tom Beard	Curtis Calhoun	Verlin Call		Harold Clubb	
Alpine, TX	Georgetown, TX	Bastrop,	uerra	Hamshire, TX	
Joe Conti, Jr.	Peanut Gilfillian	Tommy G		Richard Hodge	
Victoria, TX	Stowell, TX	Roma, 7	iker	Pledger, TX	
Bill Hyman	Joe Kelly	Chuck K		Paul Looney	
Gonzales, TX	Lockhart, TX	Beaumont		Mineral, TX	
Shirley Luensmann	Brian Malaer	Bob Nunle	ey, Jr.	Richard Nunley	
Seguin, TX	Harwood, TX	Sabinal,		Sabinal, TX	
Dr. Joe Paschal	Charlie Price	Bill Quin	ney	Phil Sadler	
Corpus Christi, TX	Oakwood, TX	Gonzales		Alba, TX	
Chloe Wilson Sabinal, TX					
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Guada-Coma ICA	Mid-Tex ICA	South Central T	kson	Southeast Texas ICA	
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trus cycles prior to insem-

ination. In addition, MLV vaccines can cause abortions

if given to pregnant cattle

without strict adherence to

cines, on the other hand, are

safer but are not as good at

preventing fetal BVD infec-

tion. A herd with excellent

biosecurity and at exception-

ally low risk can err on the side of safety and use killed

vaccine. However, herds that purchase animals including

replacement females and/or (Continued on page 19)

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Winter thoughts

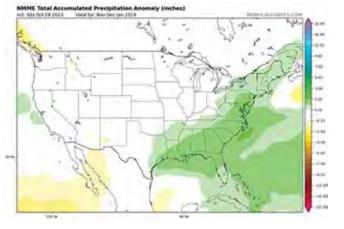
winter could be pretty rough for parts about that shutting off for the back half of the Plains. The closest analog I can of 2024. Could the negative PDO cause find, which I have shared with you many this El Niño event not to produce moistimes, is 1972-73. This is the last time ture for the winter and spring? I supwe had a strong east-based El Niño pose it is possible. However, I remain with a negative PDO. However, I can't more concerned about the back part of find an analog that has a strong east- 2024, versus the first part. The maps based El Niño with a STRONGLY neg- below from the EURO seasonal modative PDO like we have now. Howev- el, and from the NMME model, show er, it's what October - April of 1972-73 forecast precipitation and temperature looked like...precipitation and tempera- anomalies for November through Janture anomalies shown below.

the first half of 2024 could be wetter My thinking is that the upcoming than average for a lot of us, but I worry uary.

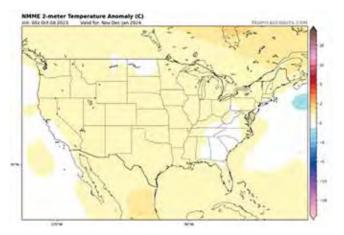
Euro Seasonal Model Precipitation

Forecast

NMME Precipitation Forecast



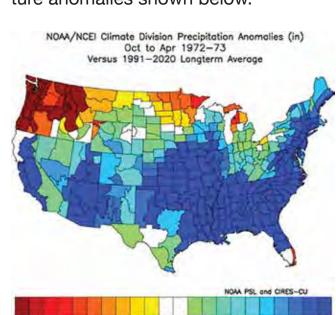
NMME Temperature Forecast



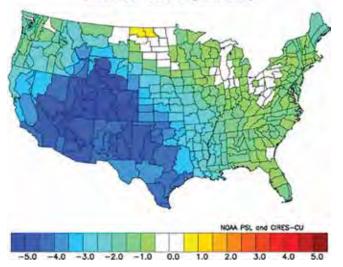
I'll have another update on this next month. Fingers crossed for some good moisture!

If you have any questions or comments, please drop me an email... **Brian Bledsoe**, brianbledsoewx@ gmail.com





NOAA/NCEI Climate Division Temperature Anomalies (F) Oct to Apr 1972-73 Versus 1991-2020 Longterm Average

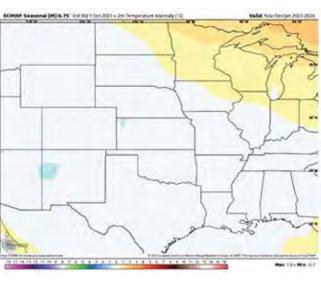


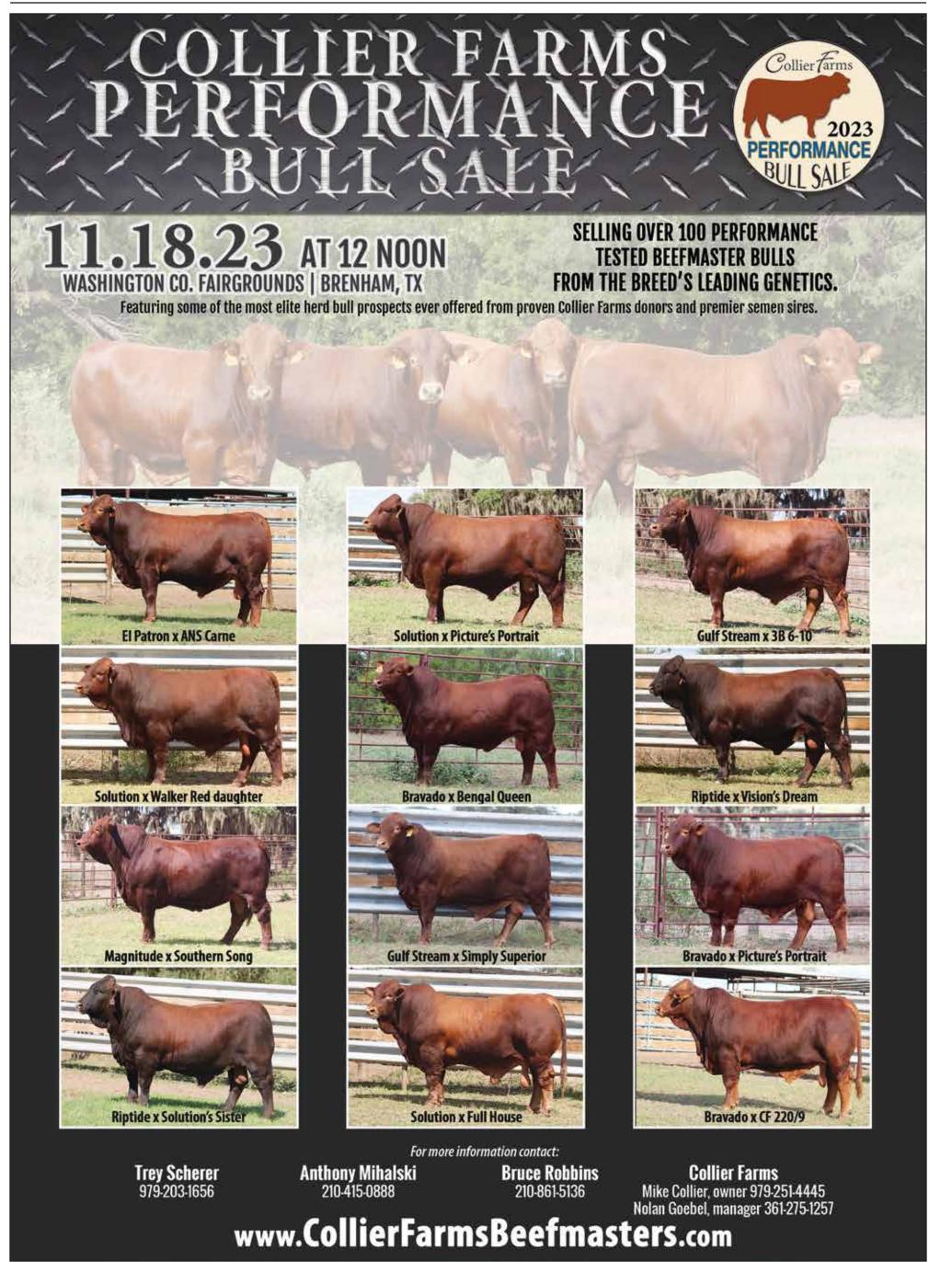
As I have said before, I am also worried that due to the PDO being so negative right now (-2.94), this El Niño event will be short-lived. It will also make it much easier to go back to La Niña later next year. History also shows that we will usually see La Niña reemerge after an El Niño disappears...this doesn't even factor in the negative PDO issue, which is significant to me. So, I think



Euro Seasonal Model Temperature

Forecast





PAGE 12

Chapter...

(Continued from page 7) with the success of this event and appreciate everyone who came out to watch. **Brazos Valley ICA Chapter**

News

Greetings from the Brazos Valley Chapter of the ICA! I have received good suggestions regarding future meetings. Our next meeting, which will take place in 2024, will probably start at 6 p.m. and be in Milam County, where a lot of our members reside. After our September meeting, Devin Schroeder and June Owens offered their help. I am grateful, and I will certainly



South Central Texas ICA Ranch Rodeo winners.

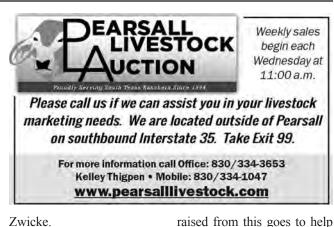
take them up on their offer. Please remember to vote tax in Texas. I encourage evin the November election. eryone to read up about all the A meal will be served start-Proposition #1 involves the right to farm and ranch. Texas Constitution. Proposition #3 is a proposed

our chapter, contact James Alford 830/203-8181. Guada-Coma ICA Chapter News

I hope everyone is enjoying this cooler weather. Though we did not receive as much rain as we had hoped, we seem to be the hole in the donut with rain all around us, I am staying optimistic that our luck will change and bring us some winter grass.

Our chapter will have their amendment to avoid a wealth next meeting Monday, Nov.6 at Seguin Cattle Company. proposed amendments to our ing at 6:30 p.m., followed by our guest speaker. Guadalupe For more information on County Sheriff Arnold

SOUTHERN LIVESTOCK STANDARD

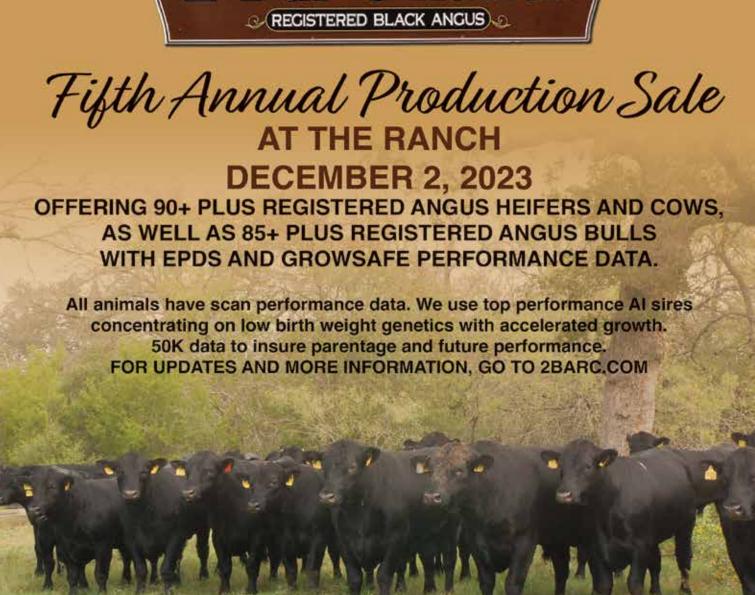


We will be discussing our Christmas party which will be held at The Big Red Barn on Dec.3. Meal tickets will be on sale at our November meeting for \$20 each. This is our fundraiser for the year. Money

fund the many scholarships that we give out each spring. We are asking for donations for the live auction and silent auction. Bring your family and friends for a great meal and a good time. **Mid-Tex ICA Chapter News**

Mid-Tex chapter held a garage sale fundraiser on Sept. 30 to raise funds for the Mid-Tex Scholarship Fund. We will be able to grant two scholarships due to our success at this fundraiser and two very generous donations. Special thanks to Claire Selman and Donna Homann for giving their time and energy to help with this event. Thanks to

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and thanks to everyone who dropped off items for the sale. **East Texas ICA Chapter**

hands are always appreciated

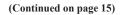
Sandra and Barry Hevner from the South Central ICA Chapter for coming and helping with the sale. Extra

News

Greetings from the East Texas ICA Chapter! We are looking forward to our upcoming chapter meeting which will be on Nov. 14th at 6 p.m. and located at The Regen Ranch in Oakwood, Texas. Be sure to save the date, and we hope to see you there.

Victoria Crossroads ICA **Chapter New**

Howdy from the Victoria Crossroads ICA chapter. We had a wonderful chapter meeting on Thursday, Oct. 19th at Taqueria Jalisco in Cuero, Texas. We would like to say thank you to our sponsor, Ful-O-Pep Feeds. We greatly appreciate your support of the Independent Cattlemen's Association! We also want to thank our speakers Paul Hahn, from the Texas Animal Health Commission, and ICA Executive Director Cooper Little. They provided lots of helpful information regarding TAHC updates and legislative updates, such as HJR 126 Proposition 1: Right to Farm. We had an amazing turnout with many attendees from the DeWitt County area and we are looking forward to expanding our reach to even more current and potential members across the counties that make up the Victoria Crossroads. Be sure to stay on the lookout for details about



FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 2023

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Recent rainfall could cause spike in the fall armyworm population

Texas Crop and Weather Report - Oct. 17, 2023 By Randi Williams, Texas AgriLife Today

Many producers through- creasing fall armyworm pop- forages in areas after receivout Texas are noticing an in- ulation in their rangelands and ing rainfall over the last few

Barber Ranch

ANNUAL BULL SALE

11 a.m. cst, Wednesday, November 8, 2023

weeks. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service experts recommend producers be prepared to protect their valuable forages.

Vanessa Corriher-Olson, Ph.D., AgriLife Extension forage specialist and professor in the Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Overton, said the most important thing for producers right now is to realize the areas receiving rain will see grass growth that could fuel armyworm populations. Damage from infestations could be problematic for cattle operations dealing with short hay and forage supplies due to eaters," said Olson-Corriber. drought.



Producers throughout Texas have noticed a spike in the armyworm populations throughout their rangelands and forages. (Texas A&M AgriLife photo by Michael Miller)

"Armyworms can be picky "These insects are going to se-

forages to feed on." Scouting valuable forages for

lect well-fertilized or irrigated

armyworms

Forage producers planting cool-season forages, such as winter wheat, annual ryegrass or any small grains, are at higher risk of armyworm infestations. Young seedlings are subject to more damage than more mature perennial warm season forages.

Scouting is the most effective way to know if you're dealing with armyworms and deciding how to manage populations.

"After a rain, producers should walk through their fields at dawn, when armyworms are most likely to be active and see if the population size warrants treatment with an insecticide," Corriher-Olson said.

Producers should be looking for armyworms that are green with brown or black colorations and are identified by the white inverted Y on their heads. Mature armyworms can grow up to 1.5 inches in length. Controlling armyworm pop-

ulations

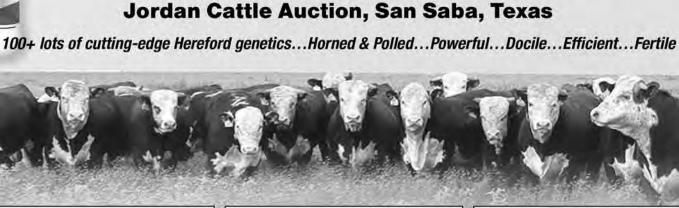
When scouting forages and seeing a spike in armyworm population, if there are more than three armyworms per square foot, producers are advised to determine which insecticide to spray and do so immediately.

"Most producers keep insecticides on hand that are labeled for different scenarios," said Corriher-Olson.

David Kerns, Ph.D., AgriLife Extension state integrated pest management coordinator and professor in the Texas A&M Department of Entomology, said the bigger the worm, the more they can eat.

"If you have a large population of large larvae, you'll need to handle them immediately because they can consume an entire field overnight," Kerns said.

Most producers are likely to use a pyrethroid insecticide due to the low cost, but that might not get rid of the majority of the population because they only last up to five days. Additionally, the armyworms must be directly exposed to the (Continued on page 17)





BR RARE AIR 2001 AHA 44350448 • 1/2/22 • Horned S: BR Rare Air ET + D: Loewen Annie D765 15F Calving ease prospect with excellent performance. CED +6.5 / BW +1.7 / WW +67 / YW +107 / Milk +33 / M&G +67 / CW +80 / REA +.65 / Marb +.30 / CHB +151



BR BELLE AIR 2009 AHA 44350452 * 1/4/22 * Horned S: BR Belle Air 6011 . D: BR Gabrielle 7089 Calving ease Belle Air son with excellent carcass traits. CED +7.9 / BW +0.3 / WW +57 / YW +84 / Milk +31 / M&G +59 / CW +73 / REA +.81 / Marb +.54 / CHB +161 THEFT A





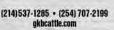
AHA P44378574 • 2/5/22 • Scurred S: Loewen Genesis G16 ET • D: BR Belle Pepper E094 ET Highest performance bull, out of a full sister to Belle Air. CED +1.9 / BW +3.8 / WW +75 / YW +125 / Milk +40 / M&G +78 / Train M CW +98 / REA +.74 / Marb +.53 / CHB +187

BR KINGSTON 2070 AHA P44383561 • 2/15/22 • Scurred S: BR Kingston H028 ET . D: Loewen Miss 4013 20D 25E Total package herd bull candidate. CED -1.0 / BW +3.9 / WW +71 / YW +113 / Milk +30 / M&G +65 / CW +81 / REA +.63 / Marb +.41 / CHB +157

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Loewen Genesis G16 ET + BR GKB Trending 0104 + BR Belle Air 6011 BR Rare Air ET · BR Belle Air E133 · BR Belle Air 8123 · BR Endure 0159 Our 2023 sale bulls are an incredible set with emphasis on calving ease with growth, marbling and \$CHB, including curve-bending herd bull prospects plus bulls with outstanding Baldy Maternal & Brahman Influence \$Indexes. And as always...heavy muscled bulls with a lot of "look"! All bulls will sell with genomically enhanced EPDs.





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Saturday, December 9, 2023 **GKB Cattle & Barber Ranch Female Event** Desdemona, TX

UPERIO

5.

Right to farm and ranch set as Prop 1 on Maternally Speaking... You Can't Find A Better Breed Than Santa Gertrudis **November ballot** Pictured is a group of our Santa Gertrudis cross (Star 5) females **Source: Texas Farm Bureau** Texas)—The (WACO, land each year to development, natural resources, livestock, right to farm and ranch in Tex- according to a recent study, and wildlife are protected, too. The proposition needs a as is set as Proposition 1 on the making Prop 1 even more im-Nov. 7 General Election ballot. portant. It ensures the land, majority vote to pass. The proposition is sup-**TANK COATINGS - ROOF COATINGS** ported by Texas Farm Bureau (TFB). Available for Metal, Composition, "It's great to have a prop-12 B Shingles or Tar Roofs osition number for the right to Long lasting and easy to apply. We also manufacture Tank Coatings for Concrete. farm and ranch constitution-Rock, Steel, Galvanized and Mobile tanks. al amendment. There are 14 THE CATTLE OF CORPORTON ACRES AND PINNACLE CATTLE CO., LLC ARE KNOWN FOR THEIR EFFICIENCY, FERTILITY AND THE EXTRA PROFITS FROM THEIR REMARKABLE ABILITY TO EXCEL IN GAIN. Call For Our Free Catalog. propositions on the ballot, so it CORPORRON PINNACLE is very helpful to remind voters VIRDEN PERMA-BILT CO. ACRES CATTLE CO., LLC which proposition is the right **Rodney & Barbara Corporron** 806-352-2761 **Jim Corporron** to farm and ranch constitution-Jessie Mendel 528 County Road 223 = Schulenburg, Texas 78956 3148 County Road 229 • Schulenburg, Texas 78956 al amendment," TFB President 713-724-1263 www.virdenproducts.com 979-562-2405 • Cell 979-561-7185 • Email: Manager 979-561-7103 www.CORPORRONACRES-PINNACLECATTLE.com Russell Boening said. "The proposition number will be an important part of messaging going forward as we promote gud Annual BRANC this monumental opportunity to protect the future of Texas family farms and ranches." On the ballot, Prop 1 will read: "The constitutional amendment protecting the right to engage in farming, ranching, timber production, horticulture, and wildlife management." The constitutional amendment is a once-in-a-generation ALLIANGE opportunity to protect farming and ranching and the future of 100 food security in the state. **Thanksgiving Weekend** "Prop 1 isn't about protecting the past. It's about ensuring Texans' access to safe and affordable food in the future," Boening said. In Texas, about 97% of 1:00 PM | Purvis, MS farms and ranches are owned and operated by families, and SELLING one in seven Texans has a job related to agriculture. That **75 BRANGUS BULLS** shows how vital farming and **40 REGISTERED FEMALES** ranching are to a healthy Tex-**125 COMMERCIAL FEMALES** as "The amendment pro-For catalog visit T3BRANGUS.com tects all farmers and ranchers-large and small. Only responsible, normal day-to-day 4 agricultural practices are pro-tected, not practices employed Z by bad actors," Boening said. 5 But the state loses over 240,000 acres of agricultural N Tajo Ms Stonewall 000E1 N Chapter... She Sells - Proven Donor 0 (Continued from page 12) our next chapter meeting on N the ICA website. **Gonzales ICA Chapter News** As of last week, another successful Central Texas ICA TERED BRAN All Breeds Sale has come and gone. We appreciate all $(\bigcirc$ our volunteers and participating consignors for bring-Trey Cuevas - T3 Brangus ing such quality stock. A big 601.434.3045 | Treycuevas3@yahoo.com thanks goes out to our sponsors: Capital Farm Credit, WB James McMahon - JM Cattle Farm & Ranch Supply, E Barr 601.467.6000 | james@macsconstruction.com 0 Feeds, Y-Tex, Boehm Tractor Sales, Shoppa's, Fehner & Kendall Stennett - Spur S Son Grain Co., Oviedo Auto 601.410.4003 | kendall_stennett@yahoo.com T3 Ms Never Surrender 406J8 Group, and our auctioneer, JD 2022 High Selling Female Shelton.



A map of the 12 Texas A&M AgriLife Extension districts:



Texas Crop... (Continued from page 14)

pyrethroid by touching or eating the plant.

"We have translaminar pesticides that soak into the leaf tissue of the plants," Kerns said. "This means it lasts longer and the rain won't wash it off, but the translaminar pesticides are higher in price."

He added that a year like this that has been droughty "is going to suppress the armyworm population but be on the lookout for armyworms since the recent rain gives them something to build on."

AgriLife Extension district reporters compiled the following summaries:

CENTRAL

Dry conditions continued with a dire need for rain. Cooler weather arrived, and while it brought some greening to the pastures and muchneeded moisture to the fields, the lack of significant rainfall remained a concern. Mild conditions and cooler temperatures allowed fieldwork to continue. Nighttime temperatures were expected to be in the 50's, which would cause the warm-season grasses to slow their growth. Most cotton acreage, including irrigated, that was not already harvested was abandoned due to lack of rainfall or running out of irrigation water. Stock tank levels were good. Some moderate leaf spot disease pressure showed in Jiggs Bermuda. Wheat planting was delayed as much as possible due to Hessian fly concerns. Few fields were planted to resistant varieties. Small grains were going in and hav was erate davtime temperatures being baled. The pecan harvest began, but yields were very low and quality was only fair. Livestock numbers were still holding with the uptick in green grass. Some culling was taking place before winter. Cattle remained in good body condition, with producers feeding limited hay.

ROLLING PLAINS

Winter wheat planting was in full swing across the Rolling Plains. Most producers were hopeful that the recent moisture

would help the wheat come up, but more rain will be needed shortly to keep soil moisture at minimal levels going into the fall. Most dryland cotton was turned into insurance as a loss. Rain was needed for pastures and livestock drinking sources. **COASTAL BEND**

Cooler weather and scat-

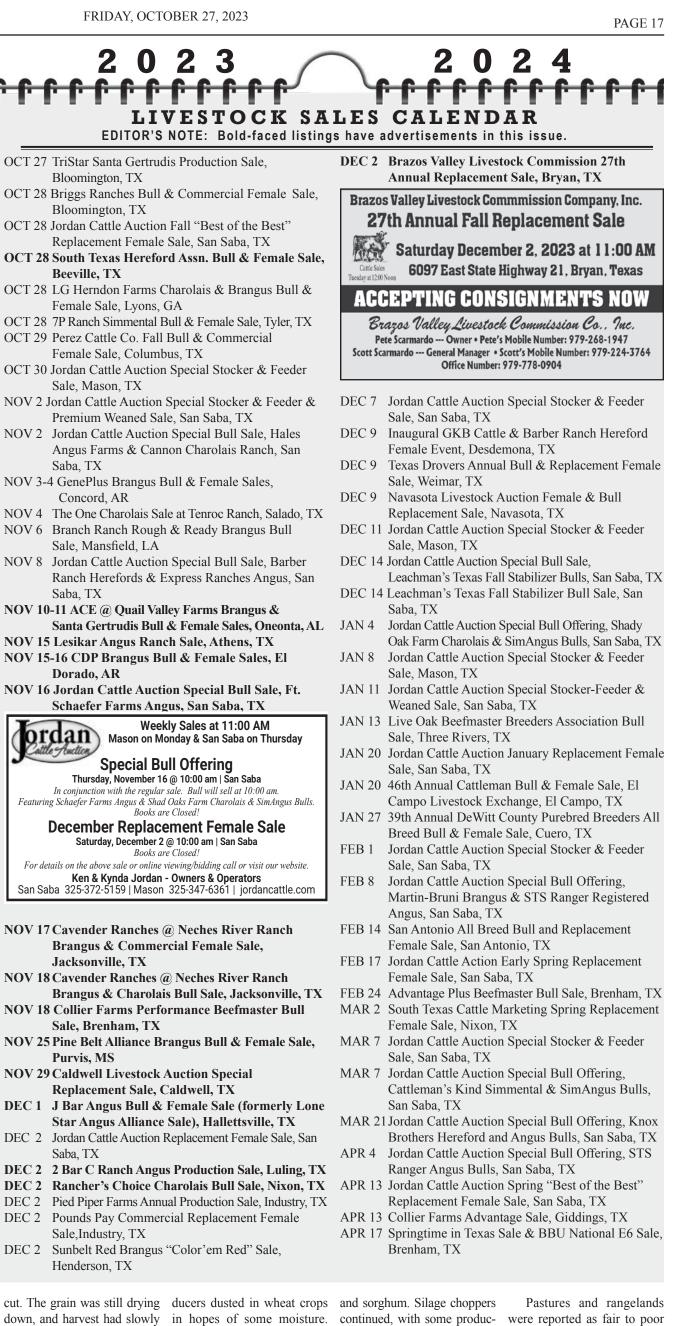
tered showers helped with soil moisture retention. Some counties received over 2 inches while others only got twotenths of an inch. Grain and cotton producers were planning to fertilize soon. Winter pasture planting continued. Some producers were hoping to get a final hay-cutting before the first frost. Some cattle producers were still feeding hay and supplements. Markets were still strong, and many producers took advantage of the high prices by weaning and selling off calves earlier than usual.

EAST

Although conditions had improved, the drought continued. Pasture and rangeland conditions were fair to good. Subsoil conditions were adequate to short overall, while topsoil conditions were adequate. Producers were getting another cutting of hay when possible. Others were planting winter pastures to try and offset low hay supplies. Shortages remained a significant concern going into the cooler seasons. Livestock were in fair to good condition, with some supplementation taking place. Producers noticed larger populations of armyworms.

SOUTH PLAINS

Cool nighttime and modallowed a few heat units to be picked up and slowly finish off the cotton crop. Producers sprayed defoliants on the cotton fields, and a few started stripping cotton. A few gin yards were beginning to receive cotton and will kick off ginning soon. The pumpkin harvest finished up this past week. Winter wheat has emerged with the rains from good condition. last week. Rainfall totals ranged from half an inch to 1.4 inches. Silage was being arid conditions. Some pro-



begun. Cattle reports were in Irrigated wheat progressed and several producers started wells for grazing. Fieldwork There were high winds and continued as producers prepared for the harvest of corn

PANHANDLE

ers wrapping up the year very quickly. Dry conditions were affecting pastures and rangelands.

NORTH

from most counties. Subsoil and topsoil moisture levels were average, with few counties reporting very short or ad-(Continued on page 19)



SOUTHERN LIVESTOCK STANDARD

Part 1: The BVD... (Continued from page 8) bulls, herds near stocker cattle or unvaccinated neighboring cattle, show cattle herds, herds with frequent deer contact, or any other probable exposure

Texas Crop... (Continued from page 17)

equate moisture. Temperatures

overnight ranged from the 30s

to 50s and slowed the growth

of vegetation and grasses. A

few counties received rainfall,

but most did not. Winter pas-

ture planting continued. The

ground was prepared for wheat,

but few forage-use acres were

planted. Hay harvest con-

tinued. No grain crops were

planted. There were no signif-

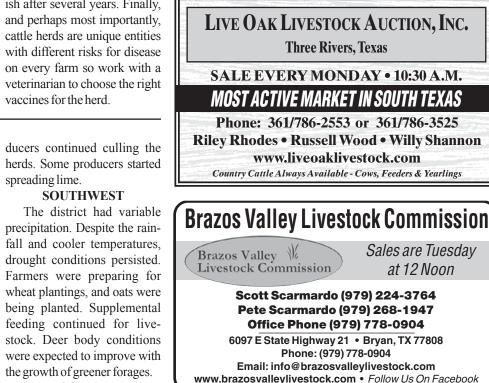
should err on the side of efficacy and choose modified live. If breeding occurs year-round so MLVs are not an option, an alternative is to administer two doses of MLV vaccine to open heifers (at weaning and a

the dry weather and no rain in

second dose 6 weeks prior to ish after several years. Finally, breeding) with annual revaccination using a killed vaccine. This combination stimulates excellent protection without the risk of MLVs although this protective response will dimin-

rigated orchards were showing

and perhaps most importantly, cattle herds are unique entities with different risks for disease on every farm so work with a veterinarian to choose the right vaccines for the herd.



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icant insect or disease issues, and livestock were doing well.

FARWEST

Temperatures steadily decreased with highs in the low 80s and lows in the high 50s. Scattered thunderstorms continued across the region. Cotton harvest was picking up, with almost everyone in the field either defoliating or harvesting. Defoliation was taking longer with the cooler temperatures and rates of harvest aids being increased. Yields were proving to be well below expected due to very small bolls and fewer of them on the plants. The harvest should not last long because of

the forecast. Gins were letting modules stack up to try and keep the ginning season in as short of a window as possible. Wheat planting continued and planted acres were expected to be higher than average this season, but emergence was poor due to a lack of soil moisture. Watermelons and cantaloupes were still producing well. Chilies were growing well. Onions were in the ground, and pumpkins were being harvested. Pawnee pecans were starting to get harvested as well. Livestock were in fair condition as supplemental feeding continued. Cattle have cutting, which will be a tremena body score of 4.

WEST CENTRAL

Temperatures cooled significantly, with lows in the 45-50 range and highs in the 75-85 range. Conditions remained dry as rain fell sporadically in small amounts. Producers continued planting oats and wheat. Cotton defoliation continued and harvest started. Pecan trees were dying in some orchards and even ir-

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continued and fall armyworm populations were increasing. Drought was still a severe issue as stock tanks were low. Grasses slowed down due to the cool fronts. Rangeland and pasture conditions needed more rain. Many producers were selling livestock due to the lack of grass and water. Cattle prices were still high. Supplemental feeding continued for the cattle producers kept. SOUTHEAST

Some producers managed to harvest the last hay/forage dous help going into winter. Dry conditions persisted as the cold front blew in. Rangeland and pasture ratings varied from excellent to very poor, although rainfall improved pastures and crop fields and new growth was emerging. Producers have noticed fall armyworms and most pastures were treated for them, as well as Bermuda grass stem maggots. Supplemental feeding had slowed down, and pro-

stress. Insect pest problems spreading lime. SOUTHWEST The district had variable precipitation. Despite the rain-

fall and cooler temperatures, drought conditions persisted. Farmers were preparing for wheat plantings, and oats were being planted. Supplemental feeding continued for livestock. Deer body conditions were expected to improve with the growth of greener forages.

SOUTH

The recent cool down and rainfall improved rangeland and pasture conditions. With the recent rain, producers noticed fall armyworm populations rising. Cotton harvest was completed, but peanuts were still being harvested. Plastic was being put down for strawberries, and harvest was completed for the season on vegetables and coastal Bermuda. Supplemental feeding continued for livestock. Wildlife benefitted from the moisture, quality of forage and cover. Cattle

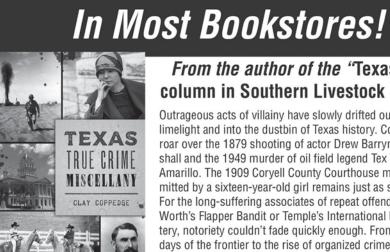
sales slowed due to improved season began, with many landpasture conditions and less cow owners preparing for wildlife culling. Preparation for hunting population surveys.

Intersection of Highway 75 & Highway 79, Buffalo, Texas

Owners Russ deCordova, Cody deCordova Find us on Facebook Buffalo Livestock Marketing, Inc.

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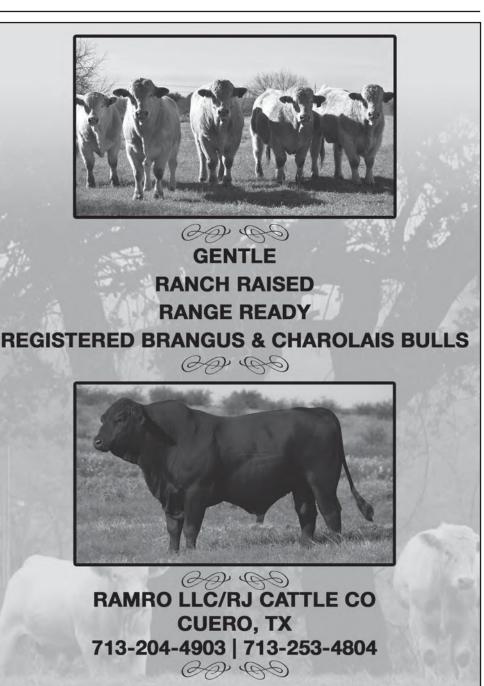
Live/Auctions/IV



From the author of the "Texas Trails" column in Southern Livestock Standard!

Outrageous acts of villainy have slowly drifted out of the national limelight and into the dustbin of Texas history. Consider the uproar over the 1879 shooting of actor Drew Barrymore in Marshall and the 1949 murder of oil field legend Tex Thornton in Amarillo. The 1909 Coryell County Courthouse massacre committed by a sixteen-year-old girl remains just as shocking today. For the long-suffering associates of repeat offenders like Fort Worth's Flapper Bandit or Temple's International Man of Mystery, notoriety couldn't fade quickly enough. From the lawless days of the frontier to the rise of organized crime. Clay Coppedge sifts through eighteen obscure case files to chart the evolution of illegal activity in the Lone Star State.

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